

Deformation Theory and Moduli Spaces

IV series of exercises, for October 30

Exercise 1. Exercise 5 from series II. (The one about the flag variety, only whole exercise accepted.)

Exercise 2. Let A be a discrete valuation ring and let t be a local parameter. Let M be an A -module. Prove that the following are equivalent

- (a) the A -module M is flat,
- (b) the multiplication by t on M is injective.

Exercise 3. Let $A = \mathbb{k}[x, y]$ and $\mathfrak{m} = (x, y) \subseteq A$. Prove that \mathfrak{m} is not flat.

Exercise 4. Let $A = \mathbb{k}[x]/(x^n)$ for $n \geq 2$ and let B be a local noetherian A -algebra. Let M be a finitely generated B -module. Prove that the following are equivalent

- (a) M is a flat A -module,
- (b) $\ker(\mu_x: M \rightarrow M) = x^{n-1}M$, where μ_x denotes the multiplication by x .

For every n give an example of M which is not flat over A , but $M/x^{n-1}M$ is flat over $\mathbb{k}[x]/(x^{n-1})$.

Exercise 5 (On reduced schemes, locally free is easy to check). Let X be a scheme and \mathcal{F} be a finitely presented \mathcal{O}_X -module. The *rank of \mathcal{F} at a point $x \in X$* is the number $\dim_{\kappa(x)} \mathcal{F}|_x$.

- (a) Show that if \mathcal{F} is locally free \mathcal{O}_X -module of rank d , then the rank of \mathcal{F} at every point $x \in X$ is indeed d .
- (b) Assume now (and below) that X is reduced and that the rank of \mathcal{F} is constant, equal to some number d .
- (c) Suppose that $X = \text{Spec}(A)$ and $\mathcal{F} = \widetilde{M}$ for an A -module M . Let $x \in X$ be a closed point of X . Prove that there is an element $f \in A$, such that $x \in (f \neq 0) \subseteq |\text{Spec}(A)|$ and a surjection $A_f^{\oplus d} \rightarrow M_f$. *Hint: mimic the proof of local freeness from the lecture.*
- (d) Let \mathfrak{p} be a minimal prime of A . Prove that $A_{\mathfrak{p}}$ is a field, actually $A_{\mathfrak{p}} \simeq \kappa(\mathfrak{p})$. Let $(\mathfrak{p}_i)_{i \in I}$ be all minimal primes of A . Prove that the natural map $A \hookrightarrow \prod_i \kappa(\mathfrak{p}_i)$ is injective.
- (e) (most important conclusion!) Localise $A_f^{\oplus d} \rightarrow M_f$ at minimal primes and conclude that it is injective, hence an isomorphism. Conclude that under the assumptions of (b) the sheaf \mathcal{F} is locally free of rank d .
- (f) Give an example of nonreduced X and a finitely presented \mathcal{O}_X -module \mathcal{F} of constant rank d which is not locally free.