Semi-classical analysis for nonlinear Choquard equations in possibly degenerate settings

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We study existence of semi-classical states for the nonlinear Choquard equation:

$$-\epsilon^2 \Delta v + V(x)v = \frac{1}{\epsilon^{\alpha}} (I_{\alpha} * F(v))F'(v) \quad \text{in } \mathbb{R}^N,$$

where $N \geq 3$, $\alpha \in (0, N)$, $I_{\alpha}(x) = \frac{A_{\alpha}}{|x|^{N-\alpha}}$ is the Riesz potential, $F \in C(\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{R})$ and $\epsilon > 0$ is a small parameter. We give a new variational approach to show the existence of a family of solutions concentrating to a local maximum or a saddle point of the potential V(x) under general conditions on F(s). Our results extends the results of Moroz and Van Schaftingen (2015) for local minima and Wei and Winter (2009) for non-degenerate setting.

If time allows, we also give related results on other singular perturbation problems.

This is a joint work with Silvia Cingolani.

References

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